# Nicolas G. Bazan, M.D., Ph.D.

Boyd Professor Ernest C. and Yvette C. Villere Professor of Ophthalmology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, and Neurology Director, LSU Neuroscience Center of Excellence

### Education

MD – 1965, Medical School, U. Tucuman, Argentina Research Thesis Work - 1966-1968, Harvard Medical School PhD – 1971, Medical School, U. Tucuman, Argentina



## Positions

1968-70	Assistant Professor of Biochemistry, University of Toronto, Canada, and
	Assistant Director, Neurochemistry, Clarke Institute of Psychology
1970-81	Professor of Biological Chemistry and Director, Institute of Biochemistry.
	Investigator, U. Nac. del Sur CONICET, Argentina
1981-	Professor of Ophthalmology, Biochemistry, Molecular Biology, and Neurology
	LSU Health Sciences Center, School of Medicine, New Orleans
1988-	Director, LSU Neuroscience Center of Excellence, New Orleans

## **Current Research**

A major goal of the N. Bazan laboratory is to understand the principles underlying endogenous responses of the retina and brain to injury and neurodegeneration. For this purpose, a convergence of approaches, including cellular, neurochemical and molecular, are used, complemented by cell cultures (e.g. hippocampal neurons) and experimental models of neurological (epilepsy, stroke, Alzheimer's disease) and retinal diseases (age-related macular degeneration, retinitis pigmentosa, diabetic retinopathy). We are investigating the proinflammatory mediator, platelet-activating factor (PAF). This mediator also is produced at the synapse and is physiologic as well. However when it accumulates, it triggers cell injury. Our laboratory has developed specific PAF antagonists and is using these tools to explore further its significance. We are also exploring a gene, the inducible prostaglandin synthase (COX-2). We have found that PAF induces this gene. The product of COX-2 accumulates in hippocampus in models of epilepsy, as well as in retina in light-induced photoreceptor degeneration. The lab is also studying membrane biogenesis, in terms of the supply and trafficking of docosahexaenoic acid, a key building block in synapses and photoreceptors. In our studies of excitable membrane biogenesis, we have discovered that the essential fatty acid, docosahexaenoic acid, which is a major component of photoreceptors, is conserved by means of metabolic loops involving the liver and the interstitial space surrounding photoreceptors. These loops are altered in certain retinal degenerations and, possibly, also in some neurological diseases. The central hypothesis being explored is that lipid messengers mediate critical responses for cell survival. Phospholipases A2-generated messengers modulate both synaptic receptors, as well as downstream signaling through endogenous lipid neuroprotective messengers (e.a. docosanoids). Sites of pharmacological action, as well as novel drugs acting on these informational pathways, are being identified. The essential docosahexaenoic acid, in addition, is the precursor of neuroprotectin D1 (NPD1). This new lipid mediator is anti-inflammatory, a potent upregulator of Bcl-2 anti-apoptotic and a downregulator of Bcl-2 pro-apoptotic proteins. Our goal is to determine the crosstalk between synapses and genes, and between neurons and astrocytes, that modulate long-term responses, which could perhaps be pharmacologically manipulated to prevent or repair injury, inflammation and cellular damage occurring in diseases.

#### **Research Interests and Goals**

Neuroprotection and Neural Plasticity: Unraveling Cell Signaling in Injury and Neurodegeneration

## Awards/Recognitions/Lectures

1991 – Citation Classic, "Neural Stimulation or Onset of Cerebral Ischemia Activates Phospholipase A2" Current Contents/Life Sciences

- 1993 Member, Royal Academy of Sciences, Spain
- 1994 Boyd University Professor, Louisiana State University
- 1999 Doctor Honoris Causa, Universidad Nacional del Tucuman, Argentina
- 2000 Endre A. Balazs Prize, XIV International Congress of Eye Research
- 1999-2001 President, American Society for Neurochemistry
- 2004 First Leon Wolfe Lecturer, Montreal Neurol. Inst., Canada

2007 – The Association for Research in Vision and Ophthalmology, Proctor Medal and Lecture, Fort Lauderdale, FL

## **Key Recent Papers**

- Mukherjee PK, Marcheselli VL, Barreiro S, Hu J, Bok D, **Bazan NG**. Neurotrophins enhance retinal pigment epithelial cell survival through neuroprotectin D1 signaling. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 104 (2007) 13152-13157.
- Mukherjee PK, Marcheselli VL, de Rivero Vaccari JC, Gordon WC, Jackson FE, **Bazan NG**. Photoreceptor outer segment phagocytosis attenuates oxidative stress-induced apoptosis with concomitant neuroprotectin D1 synthesis. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 104 (2007) 13158-13163.
- **Bazan NG**. Homeostatic regulation of photoreceptor cell integrity: Significance of the potent mediator neuroprotectin D1 biosynthesized from docosahexaenoic acid. The Proctor Lecture. Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci. 48 (2007) 4866-4881.
- **Bazan NG**. Cell survival matters: docosahexaenoic acid signaling, neuroprotection and photoreceptors. Trends Neurosci. 29 (2006) 263-271.
- Lukiw WJ, Cui JG, Marcheselli VL, Bodker M, Botkjaer A, Gotlinger K, Serhan CN, **Bazan NG**. A role for docosahexaenoic acid-derived neuroprotectin D1 in neural cell survival and Alzheimer disease. J Clin Invest. 115 (2005) 2774-2783.
- Belayev L, Marcheselli VL, Khoutorova L, Rodríguez de Turco EB, Busto R, Ginsberg MD, Bazan NG. Docosahexaenoic acid complexed to albumin elicits high-grade ischemic neuroprotection. Stroke 36 (2005) 118-123.
- Mukherjee PK, Marcheselli VL, Serhan CN, **Bazan NG**. Neuroprotectin D1: a docosahexaenoic acid-derived docosatriene protects human retinal pigment epithelial cells from oxidative stress. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 101 (2004) 8491-8496.
- Marcheselli VL, Hong S, Lukiw WJ, Tian XH, Gronert K, Musto A, Hardy M, Gimenez JM, Chiang N, Serhan CN, Bazan NG: Novel docosanoids inhibit brain ischemia-reperfusionmediated leukocyte infiltration and pro-inflammatory gene expression. J Biol Chem 278 (2003) 43807-43817.

#### Funding

"RPE Messengers, Transcription and Photoreceptor Renewal" Principal Investigator: Nicolas G. Bazan, M.D., Ph.D. Agency: NIH, NEI (R01 EY005121). Period: 070/1/05-06/30/10

"Neuroprotection: Lipid Signaling in Ischemia-Reperfusion" Principal Investigator: Nicolas G. Bazan, M.D., Ph.D. Agency: NIH, NINDS (R01 NS046741). Period: 05/03/04-04/30/09

"Mentoring Neuroscience in Louisiana: A Biomedical Program to Enhance Neuroscience" Principal Investigator: Nicolas G. Bazan, M.D., Ph.D. Agency: NIH, NCRR (P20 RR016816). Period: 02/01/07-01/31/12

"Neuroprotectin D1 slows photoreceptor degeneration" Principal Investigator: Nicolas G. Bazan, M.D., Ph.D. Agency: Foundation Fighting Blindness (TA-NP-0808-0463-LSUNO). Period: 08/01/08-07/31/11

"A Mouse Model for Usher Syndrome Type 1C" Principal Investigator: Nicolas G. Bazan, M.D., Ph.D. Agency: Foundation Fighting Blindness (BR-GE-0606-0347-LSUNO). Period: 06/01/08-05/31/09