

A Rare Case of Idiopathic Granulomatous Mastitis



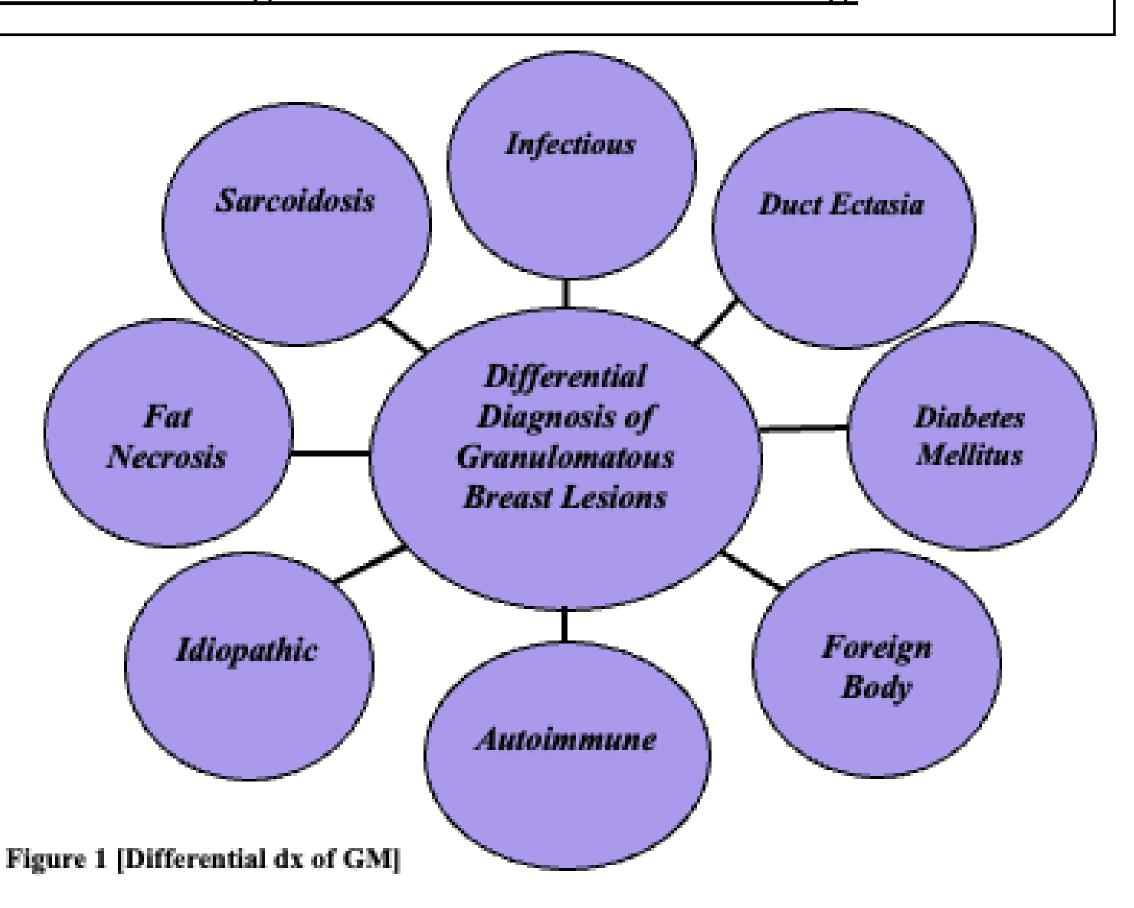
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Introduction

Idiopathic Granulomatous mastitis (IGM) is an uncommon, chronic inflammatory breast condition that causes granulomatous changes to occur around the lobules and ducts of the breast. It typically presents as a unilateral, inflammatory breast mass located in the periphery. IGM can mimic common breast disorders such as breast carcinoma and breast abscesses. Given the fact that IGM is often a diagnosis of exclusion with nonspecific clinical findings, it is pertinent that physicians understand the histopathology and associated radiologic morphology, as well as the available treatment options.

The presented case report reviews a case of idiopathic granulomatous mastitis in a 47-year-old female, with emphasis on disease progression and clinical presentation, treatment/management and recurrence monitoring.



Case Summary

- 47-year-old Spanish speaking female with a past medical history of endometriosis, ovarian cysts with right oophorectomy, hyperlipidemia and obesity presented to the ED with complaints of acute worsening pain in her left breast.
- First noticed the pain 3 months prior
- Reported that the pain occurred in a cyclic pattern, beginning 2 weeks before her menstrual period each month
- Physical exam findings showed a 4x6 fixed, lobulated, tender left breast mass with nipple enlargement, concerning for malignancy.
- Mammography revealed a large, mass-like focal asymmetry in the outer left breast with irregular spiculated margins
- Biopsy showed non-caseating granulomatous inflammation and occasional binucleated atypical plasma cells consistent with idiopathic granulomatous mastitis
- The left axillary node biopsy showed benign lymph node tissue

Imaging and Diagnostics

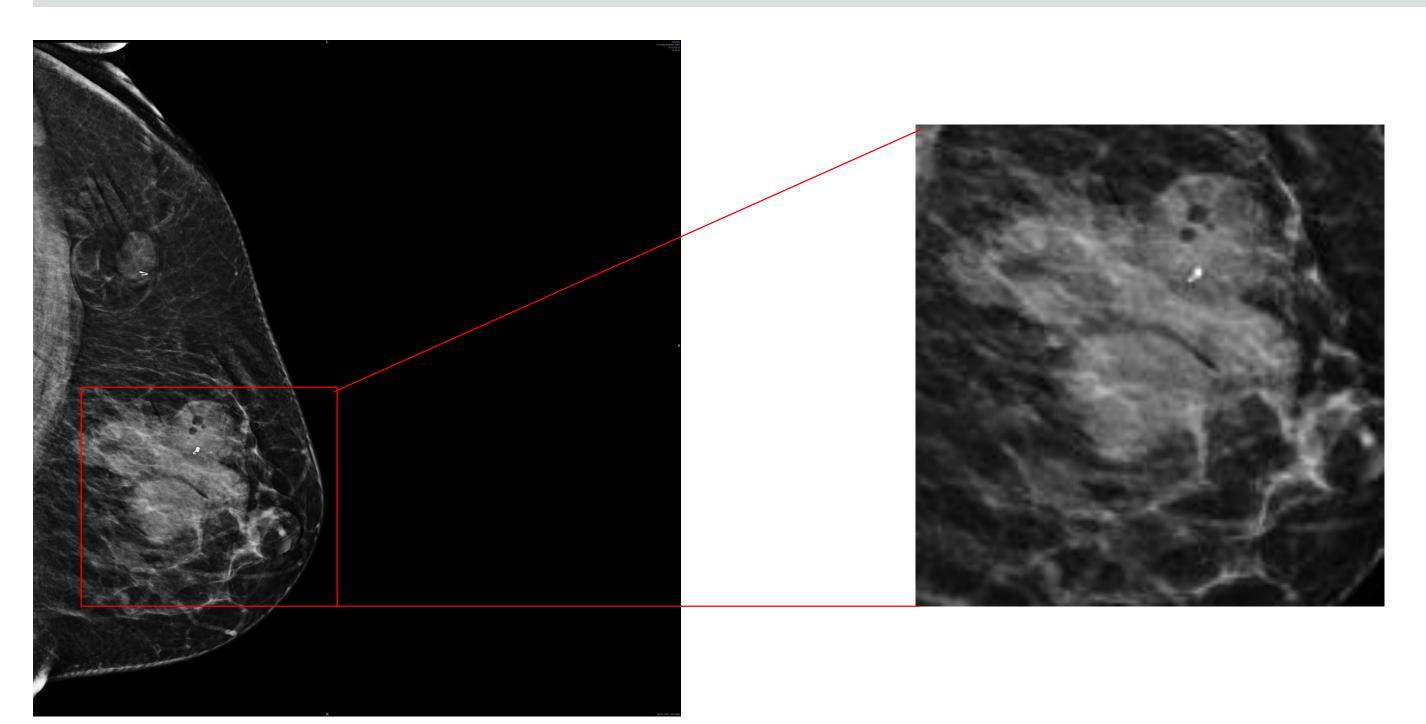


Figure 2 [Mediolateral oblique (MLO) view of L breast]

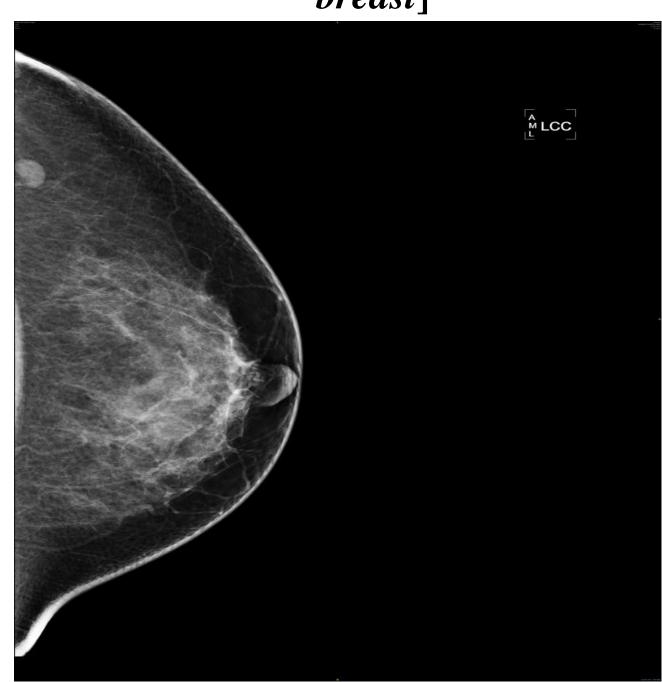
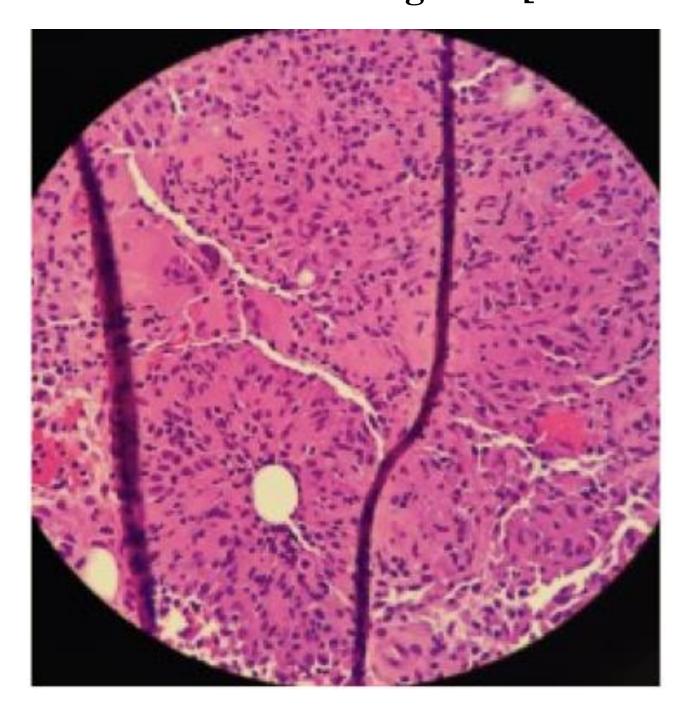


Figure 3 [Cranial caudal (CC) view of L breast]



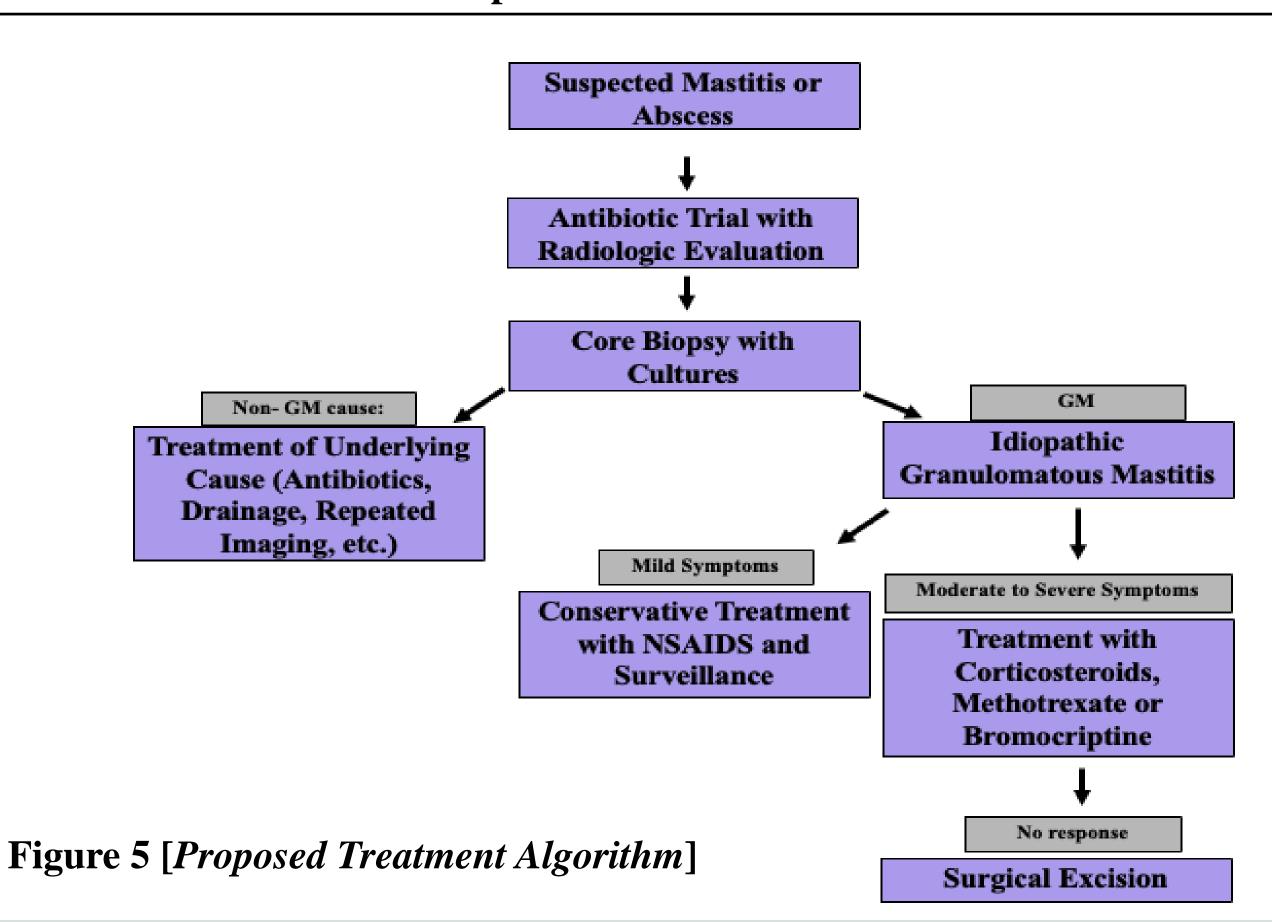
Interpretation and Final Diagnosis (As read on official pathology report):

- 1. Breast, left, biopsy
- Granulomatous mastitis
- Occasional binucleated atypical plasma cells are present (favor reactive).
- 2. Lymph node, left axillary, biopsy
- Benign lymph node tissue

Figure 4 [H&E stain, multinucleated giant cell reaction]

Management and Treatment

- Biopsy results showed IGM with benign lymph node tissue
- Patient was informed that IGM is a self-limiting inflammatory condition that resolves over the course of several months. Complete resolution may take 9-12 months.
- Surgical excision was advised against due to association with slow wound healing
- The patient's condition seemingly resolved over the next few months with no additional complaints of recurrence.
- Pain was managed conservatively with NSAIDs (Ibuprofen- MOTRIN IB, 200 MG TID for up to 14 days)
- 6 month repeat mammogram ordered.
- Patient was lost to follow up several months later



Conclusion

This case highlights the importance of biopsy in distinguishing between malignancy and inflammation even in cases where clinical and radiological findings are highly suspicious.

References

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